

TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC VĂN LANG  
KHOA: NGOẠI NGỮ

**ĐỀ THI VÀ ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ THI KẾT THÚC HỌC PHẦN**  
**Học kỳ 1, năm học 2023 - 2024**

Mã học phần: 72ENGL30172

Tên học phần: Đọc nâng cao

Mã nhóm lớp học phần: 231\_72ENGL30172\_01

Thời gian làm bài (phút/ngày): 60 phút

Hình thức thi: **Trắc nghiệm kết hợp tự luận**

SV được tham khảo tài liệu: Có

Không

**Cách thức nộp bài phần tự luận (Giảng viên ghi rõ yêu cầu): sinh viên gõ trực tiếp vào khung trả lời.**

**Vui lòng không đảo thứ tự câu hỏi của các bài đọc.**

**PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (7.5 điểm)**

**PART 1: Read the passage, choose a suitable answer for each question**

**The Glen Nevis River Race**

Glen Nevis is known as the 'outdoor capital' of Scotland. Britain's highest mountain, Ben Nevis, rises above the area, while the waters of the River Nevis flow through the rocky valley below. The spectacular scenery attracts walkers and climbers all through the seasons, despite the cold weather in winter.

During the summer months, one of the most exciting activities is the annual Glen Nevis River Race, in which competitors use a lilo, a plastic bed filled with air normally used for camping or floating in the sea, or another kind of beach toy to race along the river. There are rocks, waterfalls and sections with scary names like Dead Dog Pool and the Leg Breaker for them to get through though there are areas of calmer waters too.

Competitors set off at 30 second intervals by jumping with their lilos from a tiny shelf in a rock into the fast-flowing water 12 meters below. It can take anything from 20 minutes to over two hours to complete the course, depending on the level of the river and the abilities of the competitor.

There is much discussion amongst people who take part regularly about which type of lilo works best for the race. Some prefer short wide ones, while others say that a long narrow one is better. But since you can use anything that floats, all kinds of beach toys such as bananas, sharks and crocodiles can be floating down the river.

The only rules are that competitors must be at least 16 years old, and should provide their own crash helmet, a rubber wet suit and a life jacket. Gloves and old trainers are recommended to protect against knocks and bumps. The most important qualification, however, is a sense of fun.

The race is full of exciting moments, and the greatest of these is at the Lower Falls Leap, where terrified competitors have to jump over a ten-metre waterfall not far from the finish. More than 3,000 athletes have taken part in the race during its 30-year history. Their £30 entry fee helps to raise money for the mountain rescue team, whose members provide an essential service in the region for free. The race is a popular afternoon out for visitors and it costs nothing to watch, although any money given is gratefully accepted.

The prizes may not be fantastic, but everyone receives a certificate of completion and the winner gets the title River Race Champion and all agree that it has been worth it for the satisfying feeling of reaching the end safely.

Visitor come to Glen Nevis to

- A. enjoy outdoor activities
- B. practise walking
- C. challenge themselves with climbing activities
- D. enjoy the cold weather and spectacular scenery

ANSWER: A

Parts of the course of the River Race are

- A. less rough than others
- B. quite easy to conquer
- C. really typical
- D. really dangerous

ANSWER: A

All competitors are able to

- A. carry out the game based on their own strength
- B. finish the course within 20 minutes
- C. swim for 12 meters
- D. begin the race as soon as they are ready

ANSWER:A

Types of lilo used can be

- A. varied as long as they can float
- B. restricted to certain ones
- C. really important

**D.** divided into two types

ANSWER: A

Competitors must

**A.** prepare their own safety clothing

**B.** use safety clothing of the organizers

**C.** be more than 16 years old

**D.** use new trainers

ANSWER: A

The Lower Falls Leap

**A.** is the most frightening part

**B.** requires competitors to swim over ten meters

**C.** has been taken by 3,000 athletes

**D.** is the last challenge

ANSWER: A

Members in the rescue team

**A.** work voluntarily

**B.** receive £30 each

**C.** help raise money

**D.** are paid professionals

ANSWER: A

Visitors who come to see the race

**A.** could donate for some money

**B.** should buy the tickets

**C.** should be there in the morning

**D.** are fully charged

ANSWER: A

Certificates of completion is

- A. given to all people there
- B. only given to the winner
- C. not really interesting
- D. a great encouragement for competitors

ANSWER: A

Which of the following is NOT mentioned?

- A. All competitors need to be serious about the race
- B. Some people return to do the race again and again
- C. Competitors must bring lilos during the race
- D. The race takes place at Glen Nevis river

ANSWER: A

**PART 2: Read the passage, choose a suitable answer for each question**

Just as optical fibers have transformed communication, they are also revolutionizing medicine. These ultra-thin, flexible fibers **have opened a window** into the living tissues of the body. By inserting optical fibers through natural openings or small incisions and threading them along the body's established pathways, physicians can also look into the lungs, intestines, heart, and other areas that were **formerly** inaccessible to **them**.

The basic fiber-optics system is called a fiberscope, which consists of two bundles of fibers. One, the illuminating bundle, carries light into the tissues. It is coupled to a high-intensity light source. Light enters the **core** of the high-purity silicon glass and travels along the fibers. A lens at the end of the bundle collects the light and focuses it into the other bundle, the image bundle. Each fiber in the bundle transmits only a tiny fraction of the total image. The reconstruction image can be viewed through an eyepiece or displayed on a television screen. During the last five years, improved method of fabricating optical fibers have led to a reduction in fiberscope diameter and an increase in the number of fibers, which in turn has increased **resolution**.

Optical fibers can also be used to deliver laser light. By use of laser beams, physicians can perform surgery inside the body, sometimes eliminating the need for invasive procedures in which healthy tissue must be cut through to reach the site of disease. Many of these procedures do not require anesthesia and can be performed in a physician's office.

These technique have reduced the risk and the cost of medical care.

What is the main subject of the passage?

- A. The role of optical fibers in medicine
- B. The invention of optical fibers
- C. New surgical techniques
- D. A revolution in communication

ANSWER: A

In paragraph 1, the author uses the expression "have opened a window" to indicate that the use of optical fibers

- A. allows doctors to see inside the body without major surgery amazing discoveries
- B. sometimes requires a surgical incision
- C. has enabled scientists to make
- D. has been unknown to the general public quite until recently

ANSWER: A

Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "formerly" in paragraph 1?

- A. Previously
- B. Completely
- C. Usually
- D. Theoretically

ANSWER: A

The word "**them**" in paragraph 1 refers to

- A. Physicians
- B. Pathways
- C. Other areas of the body
- D. Optical fibers

ANSWER: A

According to the passage, what is the purpose of the illuminating bundle in a fiberscope?

- A. To carry light into the body
- B. To collect and focus light
- C. To reconstruct image
- D. To perform surgery inside the body

ANSWER: A

Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "**core**" in paragraph 2?

- A. Centers
- B. Tips

C. Clusters

D. Lines

**ANSWER: A**

According to the passage, how do fiberscope used today differ from those used five years ago?

A. They contain more fibers

B. They are longer

C. They use brighter light.

D. They are larger in diameter

**ANSWER: A**

In paragraph 2, the word "**resolution**" is closest in meaning to which of the following?

A. Sharpness

B. Strength

C. Inconvenience

D. Efficiency

**ANSWER: A**

Which of the following is NOT mentioned by the author as one of the advantages of laser surgery techniques?

A. They are relatively easy to teach to physician

B. They are safer than conventional surgery

C. They can be performed without an esthesia

D. They can be performed in a physician's office

**ANSWER: A**

What is the basic description of a fiberscope?

A. Has two bundles of fibers

B. Has a lens at the start of each bundle

C. Has a lens at the start of the two bundles

D. Has two illuminating bundles of fibers

**ANSWER: A**

**PART 3: Read the passage, choose a suitable answer for each question**

**A-** Biological diversity has become widely recognized as a **critical** conservation issue only in the past two decades. The rapid destruction of the tropical rain forests, which are the ecosystems with the highest known species diversity on Earth, has awakened people to the importance and fragility of biological diversity. The high rate of species extinctions in these environments is jolting, but it is important to recognize the significance of biological diversity in all ecosystems. As the human population continues to expand, it will negatively affect one after another of Earth's ecosystems. In terrestrial ecosystems and in fringe marine ecosystems (such as wetlands), the most common problem is habitat destruction. In most situations, the result is irreversible. Now humans are beginning to destroy marine ecosystems through other types of activities, such as disposal and run off of poisonous waste; in less than two centuries, by significantly reducing the variety of species on Earth, they have unraveled cons of evolution and irrevocably redirected **its** course.

**B-**Certainly, there have been periods in Earth's history when mass extinctions have occurred. The extinction of the dinosaurs was caused by some physical event, either climatic or cosmic. There have also been less dramatic extinctions, as when natural competition between species reached an extreme conclusion. Only 01 percent of the species that have lived on Earth have survived to the present, and it was largely chance that determined which species survived and which died out.

**C-**However, nothing has ever equaled the **magnitude** and speed with which the human species is altering the physical and chemical world and demolishing the environment. In fact, there is wide agreement that it is the rate of change humans are inflicting, even more than the changes themselves, **that** will lead to biological devastation. Life on Earth has continually been in flux as slow physical and chemical changes have occurred on Earth, but life needs time to adapt-time for migration and genetic adaptation within existing species and time for the proliferation of new genetic material and new species that may be able to survive in new environments.

**What does the passage mainly discuss?**

- A.** The impact of human activities on Earth's ecosystems
- B.** The causes of the extinction
- C.** The variety of species found in tropical rain forests
- D.** The time required for species to adapt to new environments

ANSWER : A

**The word "critical" in paragraph A is closest in meaning to**

- A. essential
- B. negative
- C. interesting
- D. complicated

ANSWER: A

**The author mentions the reduction of the variety of species on Earth in paragraph A to suggest that**

- A. some species have been made extinct by human activity
- B humans are often made ill by polluted water
- C new habitats can be created for species
- D an understanding of evolution can prevent certain species from disappearing

ANSWER: A

**The author mentions all of the following as examples of the effect of human oil the world's ecosystems EXCEPT**

- A. the introduction of new varieties of plant species
- B. habitat destruction in wetlands
- C. damage to marine ecosystems
- D. destruction of the tropical rain forests

ANSWER: A

**The author mentions the extinction of the dinosaurs in paragraph B to emphasize that**

- A. not all mass extinctions have been caused by human activity
- B. Earth's climate has changed significantly since the dinosaurs' extinction
- C. the cause of the dinosaurs extinction is unknown
- D. actions by humans could not stop the irreversible process of a species' extinction

ANSWER: A

**What does "its" in paragraph A refer to**

- A. the Earth
- B. evolution
- C. wates
- D. human

ANSWER: A

**The word "magnitude" in paragraph C is closest in meaning to**



- A. extent
- B. determination
- C. carelessness
- D. concern

ANSWER: A

**According to the passage, natural evolutionary change is different from changes caused by humans in that changes caused by humans**

- A. are occurring at a much faster rate
- B. are less devastating to most species
- C. affect fewer ecosystems
- D. are reversible

ANSWER: A

**What does “that” in paragraph C refers to**

- A. The rate of change caused by human
- B. The rate of human change
- C. The change itself
- D. The consensus

ANSWER: A

**With which of the following statements would the author be most likely to agree?**

- A. humans should be more conscious of the influence they have on ecosystem
- B. The extinction of a few species is an acceptable consequence of human progress.
- C. Technology will provide solutions to problems caused by the destruction of ecosystems.
- D. human influence on ecosystems should not be a factor in determining public policy

ANSWER: A

### **PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (2.5 điểm)**

**Read the article then answer the questions**

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is important to recognize the significance of biological diversity in all ecosystems. As the human population continues to expand, it will negatively affect one after another of Earth's ecosystems. In terrestrial ecosystems and in fringe marine ecosystems (such as wetlands), the most common problem is habitat destruction. In most situations, the result is irreversible. Now humans are beginning to destroy marine ecosystems through other types of activities, such as disposal and run off of poisonous waste; in less than two centuries, by significantly reducing the variety of species on Earth, they have unraveled cons of evolution and irrevocably redirected **its** course.

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**C-**However, nothing has ever equaled the **magnitude** and speed with which the human species is altering the physical and chemical world and demolishing the environment. In fact, there is wide agreement that it is the rate of change humans are inflicting, even more than the changes themselves, **that** will lead to biological devastation. Life on Earth has continually been in flux as slow physical and chemical changes have occurred on Earth, but life needs time to adapt-time for migration and genetic adaptation within existing species and time for the proliferation of new genetic material and new species that may be able to survive in new environments.

**Decide if the authors attitude toward the topic is positive (P) or negative (N). Write down 2-3 evidences that signal the author's attitude (2 marks)**

Câu 1 (0.5 điểm): The expansion of human population (paragraph A)

The author's attitude:

Evidence:

**Đáp án Câu 1:**

**The author's attitude: N**

**Evidence: negatively affect**

Câu 2 (0.5 điểm): The changes caused by human activities (paragraph A)

The author's attitude:

Evidence:

**Đáp án Câu 2:**

**The author's attitude: N**

**Evidence: lead to biological devastation**

Câu 3 (0.5 điểm):

The author's attitude: The role of adapt-time (paragraph C)

Evidence:

**Đáp án Câu 3:**

**The author's attitude: P**

**Evidence: Life needs it for immigration and genetic adaptation**

Câu 4 (0.5 điểm): Biological diversity (paragraph A)

The author's attitude:

Evidence:

**Đáp án Câu 4:**

**The author's attitude: P**

**Evidence: Critical conservation issue**

Câu 5 (0.5 điểm):

The author's attitude: demolishing the environment (paragraph C)

Evidence:

**Đáp án Câu 5:**

**The author's attitude: N**

**Evidence: nothing has ever equaled the magnitude and speed**

*Ngày biên soạn: 30/9/2023*

**Giảng viên biên soạn đề thi: Trương Hồng Ngọc**

*Ngày kiểm duyệt: 14/10/2023*

**Trưởng Khoa kiểm duyệt đề thi: TS. Phan Thế Hưng**