TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC VĂN LANG ĐƠN VỊ: KHOA NGOẠI NGỮ

ĐỀ THI VÀ ĐÁP ÁN THI KẾT THÚC HỌC PHẦN Học kỳ 3, năm học 2023-2024

I. Thông tin chung

Tên học phần:	Tiếng Anh	5					
Mã học phần:	71CLAN300	63		S	Số tir	n chỉ:	3
Mã nhóm lớp học phần:							
Hình thức thi: Trắc nghiệm kết hợp Tự luận Thời gian làm bà				bài:	75	phút	
Thí sinh được tham khảo tài liệu:			Có	[⊠ K	hông	

II. Các yêu cầu của đề thi nhằm đáp ứng CLO

(Phần này phải phối hợp với thông tin từ đề cương chi tiết của học phần)

Ký hiệu CLO	Nội dung CLO	Hình thức đánh giá	Trọng số CLO trong thành phần đánh giá (%)	Câu hỏi thi số	Điểm số tối đa	Lấy dữ liệu đo lường mức đạt PLO/PI
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
CLO1	Vận dụng linh hoạt các từ vựng và cấu trúc ngữ pháp cơ bản để miêu tả các sự vật, sự việc thuộc các chủ đề thông dụng trong cuộc sống.	Trắc nghiệm + Tự luận	25	1 - 40	10	PI 2.1
CLO2	Phân loại chính xác các điểm ngữ pháp nâng cao thông qua bài thực hành nói/viết và các bài kiểm tra ngôn ngữ.	Trắc nghiệm + Tự luận	25	1 - 40	10	PI 2.1
CLO3	Vận dụng kiến thức để sửa lỗi sai trong các văn bản tiếng Anh.	Trắc nghiệm + Tự luận	25	1 - 40	10	PI 7.1

CLO4	Sắp xếp các ý để diễn đạt mạch lạc khi nói/viết bằng tiếng Anh.	Trắc nghiệm + Tự luận	25	1 - 40	10	PI 4.2, 7.1	
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III. Nội dung câu hỏi thi DHÀN TĐẮC NCHIỆM (30 câu hỏi -0.25 đ/câu)
PHÂN TRẮC NGHIỆM (30 câu hỏi, 0.25đ/câu) By the time I arrived at the theatre, the play I was late!
A. had already started
B. already started
•
C. had already been starting
D. was starting
ANSWER: A
My father, was born in Scotland, has travelled all over the world
A. who
B. whom
C. which
D. that
ANSWER: A
D. C 1 2 20 . A 1 1
Before she's 30, Alice hopes she the house of her dreams.
A. will have bought
B. will have been buying
C. will be buying
D. will buy
ANSWER: A
of the people who live in the area are from overseas.
A. A lot
B. Few
C. A little
D. Much
ANSWER: A
Lat's invite Cree and his sinfriend
Let's invite Greg and his girlfriend,?
A. shall we
B. do you
C. is it
D. won't we
ANSWER: A

Jenny	a smaller coat. The one she chose last night was too big.
A. should have boug	ght
B. should buy	
C. ought not to have	bought
D. didn't need to bu	y
ANSWER: A	
The manager apolog	gised for late for the interview.
A. being	
B. be	
C. to be	
D. to being	
ANSWER: A	
Alexp	utting on a surprise party for Nicky's birthday.
A. suggested	
B. added	
C. asked	
D. required	
ANSWER: A	
If you1	this problem now, it will be even more difficult to do in the future.
A. don't tackle	•
B. didn't tackle	
C. wouldn't tackle	
D. hadn't tackle	
ANSWER: A	
I wouldn't have don	e it I knew it was worth trying.
A. unless	
B. supposed	
C. imagine	
D. provided	
ANSWER: A	
Maggie	with Tom last week, so he's very upset.
A. split up	
B. split on	
C. split in	
D. split out	
ANSWER: A	

My sister is very _	She always makes everyone laugh!
A. witty	
B. affectionate	
C. level-headed	
D. laid-back	
ANSWER: A	
The nightlife is gre	eat, but it creates noise
A. pollution	
B. parking	
C. contamination	
D. alert	
ANSWER: A	
Let's leave the car	in the underground car while we have lunch.
A. park	
B. zone	
C. area	
D. base	
ANSWER: A	
When you are read	y to pay, your PIN in the machine.
A. enter	
B. put	
C. give	
D. get	
ANSWER: A	
I'm going to	_ for that painting in the auction next week. I hope I get it!
A. bid	
B. call	
C. buy	
D. shop	
ANSWER: A	
Jim is really passio	onate about his work. He puts his into it.
A. heart	
B. arm	
C. head	
D. leg	
ANSWER: A	

Being	_ is important in most jobs because being late means lost working time and
less productivity	y.
A. punctual	
B. enthusiastic	
C. patient	
D. nice	
ANSWER: A	
The image in th	e photo was because it was out of focus.
A. blurred	
B. sharp	
C. posed	
D. accurate	
ANSWER: A	
Be careful when	you do experiments with because you can get badly burnt.
A. acids	
B. elements	
C. base	
D. equations	
ANSWER: A	

READING

Passage 1: Read the passage below and answer the next 5 questions. Choose the correct option A, B, C, or D to answer each given question.

From shipping crates to paper bags, the logging industry supplies the raw materials for a large group of products. However, this is not without untold harm to the environment. It includes habitat loss, pollution, and climate change, with the effects spanning the globe from the rain forests of Central Africa, Southeast Asia, and South America to the northern forests of Canada and Scandinavia. The effects of logging extend beyond just the felling of a strip of trees. Nutrients, water and shelter for plants, animals, and micro-organisms throughout the ecosystem are also lost; many life forms - both terrestrial and aquatic - are becoming endangered as forests vanish.

Trees protect the soil beneath them; thus, tree loss can affect soil integrity. For example, the rain forest floor, home to a very large number of plants as well as insects, worms, reptiles and amphibians, and small mammals, relies on a dense branches and leaves at the top to keep it healthy and intact. Those prevent heavy rainfall to fall strongly onto the earth. Tree roots also give nutrients to soil and help prevent erosion. In return, a healthy soil encourages root development and microbial activity, which contribute to tree growth and well-being. A major factor in logging-related soil damage comes from road building, with trucks and other heavy equipment compressing the soft soil, creating furrows where water collects, and interrupting

the underground water flow. Eventually, the topsoil wears away, leaving behind a layer of rocks and hard clay.

Logging can also damage aquatic habitats. Vegetation along rivers and stream banks helps maintain a steady water flow by blocking the entry of soil, and tree shade inhibits the growth of algae. Removing trees causes many problems. When eroding soil flows into waterways, the organic matter within it consumes more oxygen, which can lead to the lack of oxygen in the water, killing fish and other aquatic wildlife.

What can be the best title of this passage?

- A. Consequences of logging
- **B.** Solutions to logging
- C. Values of logging
- **D.** Compliments on logging

ANSWER: A

According to the passage, which region has rain forests suffering from the effects of logging?

- A. Southeast Asia
- B. South Africa
- C. Scandinavia
- D. Northern Canada

ANSWER: A

What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- **A.** There is an interrelationship between soil and trees.
- **B.** Cutting down many trees creates more transportation problems.
- **C.** Soil provides nutrients and useful micro-organisms to trees.
- **D.** Logging can kill many wild animals in the ecosystem.

ANSWER: A

How does logging affect aquatic habitats?

- **A.** Soil erosion leads to the lack of oxygen in water.
- **B.** Aquatic animals can eat toxic leaves in water.
- **C.** Logging creates more nutrients into water.
- **D.** Falling trees block the flow of many rivers.

ANSWER: A

What is a negative effect of logging on the environment?

- A. climate change
- **B.** outbreak of diseases
- C. balanced ecosystem
- **D.** fertilized soil

ANSWER: A

Passage 2: Read the passage below and answer the next 5 questions. Choose the correct option A, B, C, or D to answer each given question.

Jake, aged 16, has a terrific relationship with his grandmother Rita, who is 70. They live close by, and they even take a Spanish class together twice a week at a local college. After class, they sometimes stop at a cafe for a snack. On one occasion, Rita tells Jake, 'I think it's great how fast you pick up new grammar. It takes me a lot longer.' Jake replies, 'Yeah, but you don't seem to make as many silly mistakes on the quizzes as I do. How do you do that?'

In that moment, Rita and Jake stumbled across an interesting set of differences between older and younger minds. Popular psychology says that as people age their brains 'slow down'. The implication, of course, is that elderly men and women are not as mentally agile as middle-aged adults or even teenagers. However, although certain brain functions such as perception and reaction time do indeed take longer, that slowing down does not necessarily undermine mental sharpness. Indeed, evidence shows that older people are just as mentally fit as younger people because their brains compensate for some kinds of declines in creative ways that young minds do not exploit.

Just as people's bodies age at different rates, so do their minds. As adults advance in age, the perception of sights, sounds and smells takes a bit longer, and laying down new information into memory becomes more difficult. The ability to retrieve memories also quickly slides and it is sometimes harder to concentrate and maintain attention.

On the other hand, the ageing brain can create significant benefits by tapping into its extensive hoard of accumulated knowledge and experience. The biggest trick that older brains employ is to use both hemispheres simultaneously to handle tasks for which younger brains rely predominantly on one side. Electronic images taken by cognitive scientists at the University of Michigan, for example, have demonstrated that even when doing basic recognition or memorization exercises, seniors exploit the left and right side of the brain more extensively than men and women who are decades younger. Drawing on both sides of the brain gives them a tactical edge, even if the speed of each hemisphere's process is slower.

What can be the best title of this passage?

A. Old or young brain: Which is better?

B. Brain Science: The difference among usC. Old or young people: Who are richer?

D. Brain Science: The exploration into skulls

ANSWER: A

What is true about the differences between older and younger minds?

- **A.** Older people have ageing brains, but it doesn't mean that theirs are weak.
- **B.** Younger people are always able to have better brain functions in all stuations.
- **C.** Older people can't use both hemispheres to handle tasks.
- **D.** Younger people can employ both hemispheres to handle tasks.

ANSWER: A

What is untrue about the cognitive ability of older people?

- **A.** They can't employ prior experience to solve problems.
- **B.** They can't process images and sounds at a normal pace.
- **C.** They can't recall all information as fast as the young.
- **D.** They can't acquire new knowledge as easily as the young.

ANSWER: A

What is a trick that older people's brains can do better than younger ones'?

- **A.** They can use both hemispheres at the same time to handle tasks.
- **B.** They can use one hemisphere to perceive everything well.
- C. They can process all information much faster than the young.
- **D.** They can remember all infomation better than the young.

ANSWER: A

What is the main idea of the last paragraph?

- **A.** Older brains have their own merits.
- **B.** Younger brains differ according to both genders.
- **C.** Younger brains perform all their greatest skills.
- **D.** Older brains can run at a great pace.

ANSWER: A

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(PERMITTED)

PHẨN TỰ LUẬN (10 câu hỏi, 0.25đ/câu)

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Do not change the word given.

Câu 1: (0.25 điểm) Students at our school don't have to wear school uniform. (REQUIRED)
→ Students at our school
Câu 2: (0.25 điểm) My last exam results were extremely disappointing. (BITTERLY) → I was
Câu 3: (0.25 điểm) I've seen nearly all of the James Bond films. (ONE) → I've seen nearly
Câu 4: (0.25 điểm) Alice couldn't persuade her parents to lend her more money. (SUCCEED) → Alice
(SUCCEED) → Alice
Câu 5: (0.25 điểm) You can spend up to 100 dollars a day on this store card.

→ You
Câu 6: (0.25 điểm) "Take your umbrella", she said to him. (REMINDED) → She
Câu 7: (0.25 điểm) "You really must invest in the company", he said to me. (CONVINCED) → He
Câu 8: (0.25 điểm) Jane and Ben decided to buy a train pass that would last them seven days. (SEVEN-DAY) → Jane and Ben
Câu 9: (0.25 điểm) Everybody could hear the music despite my closing windows. (COULD) → The music
Câu 10: (0.25 điểm) They said that I mustn't surf the internet. (TOLD) → I

ĐÁP ÁN PHẦN TỰ LUẬN VÀ THANG ĐIỂM

Phần câu hỏi	Nội dung đáp án	Thang điểm	Ghi chú
I. Trắc nghiệm		7.5	
Câu 1 – 30		0.25	
II. Tự luận		2.5	
Câu 1	Students at our school are not	0.25	
	required to wear school uniform.		
Câu 2	I was bitterly disappointed with/by	0.25	
	my last exam results.		
Câu 3	I've seen nearly every one of the	0.25	
	James Bond films.		
Câu 4	Alice didn't succeed in persuading	0.25	
	her parents to lend her more money.		
Câu 5	You are permitted to spend up to	0.25	
	100 dollars a day on this store card.		
Câu 6	She reminded him to take his	0.25	
	umbrella.		
Câu 7	He convinced me to invest in the	0.25	
	company.		

Câu 8	Jane and Ben decided to buy a	0.25	
	seven-day train pass.		
Câu 9	The music could be heard despite	0.25	
	my closing windows.		
Câu 10	I was told not to surf the internet.	0.25	
	Điểm tổng	10.0	

TP. Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 18 tháng 6 năm 2024 Giảng viên ra đề

Trưởng bộ môn

TS. Mai Thu Hoài

ThS. Lê Thị Trung Đính